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Photobiologica	TEST REPORT EN 62471 Il safety of lamps and lamp	systems
Report Reference No	TERNATIO	
Compiled by (+ signature)	Sain Chen	Sain Chen
Reviewed by (+ signature)	Torres He	Tomes He
Approved by (+ signature):	Amo Liu Report Seal	Lab Supervisor
Date of issue	Mar. 08, 2017	
Testing Laboratory	Centre Testing International Group Co.	Ltd.
Address	Hongwei Industrial Zone, Bao'an 70 Dist China	rict, Shenzhen, Guangdong,
Applicant's name	Shenzhen Runlite Technology Co.,Ltd	
Address:	Building A15, Tantou the 4th Industrial BaoAn District, ShenZhen, China	Estate, SongGang Town,
Manufacture's name:	Shenzhen Runlite Technology Co.,Ltd	
Address:	Building A15, Tantou the 4th Industrial BaoAn District, ShenZhen, China	Estate, SongGang Town,
Test specification:		A) (2
Standard	EN 62471: 2008	
Test procedure:	Test report	
Non-standard test method	N/A	
Test Report Form No	EN62471A	
TTRF Originator:	СТІ	
Master TRF	Dated 2009-05	
Test item description	SMD LED	2
Model/Type reference:	SMD LED	
Ratings	100mA DC, 9V, 1W	







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Test item particulars : Tested lamp : Tested lamp system : Lamp classification group : Lamp cap : Bulb : Rated of the lamp : Furthermore marking on the lamp : Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard : Used measurement instrument : Information for safety use : Possible test case verdicts: : - test case does not apply to the test object : - test object does meet the requirement : Testing : Date of receipt of test item : Date (s) of performance of tests : The test results presented in this report relate only to th	N/A	□ risk 1 □ r	pulsed lamp risk 2 risk 3 tobiological safety	
Tested lamp system. : Lamp classification group. : Lamp cap. : Bulb. : Bulb. : Rated of the lamp. : Furthermore marking on the lamp. : Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard. : Used measurement instrument. : Temperature by measurement. : Information for safety use. : Possible test case verdicts: : - test case does not apply to the test object. : - test object does meet the requirement. : - test object does not meet the requirement. : Date of receipt of test item. : Date (s) of performance of tests. : General remarks: : The test results presented in this report relate only to th	N/A	□ risk 1 □ r	risk 2 🗌 risk 3	
Lamp classification group	 ✓ exempt N/A N/A See page 1 N/A N/A Lamps and lamperformance te 25℃ N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017 	np system Phot		0
amp cap Bulb Bulb Rated of the lamp Furthermore marking on the lamp Furthermore marking on the lamp Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard Jsed measurement instrument Jsed measurement instrument Femperature by measurement Information for safety use Possible test case verdicts: test case does not apply to the test object test object does meet the requirement test object does not meet the requirement Testing Date of receipt of test item Date (s) of performance of tests General remarks:	N/A N/A See page 1 N/A N/A Lamps and lam performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017	np system Phot		0
Bulb	N/A See page 1 N/A N/A Lamps and lam performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017		tobiological safety	
Rated of the lamp	See page 1 N/A N/A Lamps and lam performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017		tobiological safety	0
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A N/A Lamps and lam performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017		tobiological safety	
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard: Jsed measurement instrument	N/A Lamps and lam performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017		tobiological safety	
Jsed measurement instrument: Temperature by measurement: Information for safety use	Lamps and lan performance te 25°C N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017		tobiological safety	C
Information for safety use	N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017			
Information for safety use	N/A N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017)		6
Possible test case verdicts: test case does not apply to the test object	N/A P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017)		Ć
test case does not apply to the test object: test object does meet the requirement: test object does not meet the requirement: Festing Date of receipt of test item Date (s) of performance of tests General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to th	P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017			0
test object does meet the requirement	P (Pass) F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017)	Ì	
test object does not meet the requirement: Festing Date of receipt of test item: Date (s) of performance of tests General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to th	F (Fail) Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017)	(T)	
Festing Date of receipt of test item Date (s) of performance of tests	Feb. 21, 2017 Feb. 21, 2017)	(T)	
Date of receipt of test item Date (s) of performance of tests General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to th	Feb. 21, 2017			
Date (s) of performance of tests General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to th	Feb. 21, 2017			
General remarks: The test results presented in this report relate only to th	0			
The test results presented in this report relate only to th				/
This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, witho laboratory. "(See Enclosure)" refers to additional information appe "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to th The tested sample(s) and the sample information are pu Throughout this report a (comma) (point) is used as th When determining the test conclusion, the Measureme	out the written ap ended to the rep le report. rovided by the c e decimal sepa	pproval of the Is port. client. arator.	(T)	
General product information:				
Test current is 100mA DC.	2			- (

Hotline: 400-6788-333 www.cti-cert.com E-mail: info@cti-cert.com Complaint call: 0755-33681700 Complaint E-mail: complaint@cti-cert.com







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EN 62471					
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS				
4.1	General		Р		
9	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01ms and not more than any 8-hour period, and should be used as guides in the control of exposure,		P		
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds $10^4 \text{ cd} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$,	luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	Ρ		
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р		
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and ey	e	Р		
9	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is $30 \text{ J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$ within any 8-hour period,	(C)	Р		
(To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, E_s , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Ρ		
0	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \text{J·m}^{-2}$		Р		
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р		
($t_{\rm max} = \frac{30}{E_{\rm s}}$ s		Ρ		
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for the eye		Р		
9	For the spectral region 315nm to 400nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000s, For exposure times greater than 1000s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·	(A)	P		
(m⁻², The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for times less than 1000s, shall be computed by: 	Í (Í	Р		
0	$t_{\max} \le \frac{10000}{E_{UVA}}$ s		Р		







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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
1		\bigcirc			
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р		
Ì	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i,e,, the blue light weighted radiance, L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Ì	P		
($L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t $\leq 10^4$ s $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	N/A		
~	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t > 10⁴s	Р		
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	e 🔝	N/A		
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ (see Table 4.2) shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A		
6	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \text{ J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		N/A		
D.	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad \qquad$		N/A		
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit	6	Р		
(To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(\lambda)$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i,e,, the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	T) (T	Ρ		
2	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad $	(10µs ≤ t≤10s)	Р		
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual	stimulus	P		
(For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780nm to 1400nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10s shall be limited to:		Ρ		
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t > 10s	Р		
	780				







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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	(Λ)	Verdict
1		S	S	
Ó	To avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E_{IR} , over the wavelength range 780nm to 3000nm, for times less than 1000s, shall not exceed:	(Th		N/A
/	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 1000s		N/A
	For times greater than 1000s the limit becomes:	e)	6	N/A
2	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad$	for t > 1000s		N/A
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	(57)		P
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380nm to 3000nm) of the skin shall be limited to:			Р
($E_{\rm H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$			Р

	Р
Р	Р
Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification,	
~	N/A
(S)	N/A
	Р
tained at 25 midity than 65%; when	P
	Ρ
C'	Ρ
	Р







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	EN 62471	13	(°)	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	(A)	Verdict
			V	
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:			Р
0	- the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or			Р
7	- the manufacturer's recommendation	\odot		N/A
5.1.5	Lamp system operation			N/A
(The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	(I)		N/A
	- the appropriate IEC standard, or	Ľ	6	N/A
	- the manufacturer's recommendation			N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure			Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	67)		P
(Minimum aperture diameter 7mm,			Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50mm,			Р
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading,		61	Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated,			Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements			Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method	6)		P
	The measurements made with an optical system,			Р
(The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute incident radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle of acceptance averaged over the field of view (FOV) of the instrument,		A	Ρ
5.2.2.2	Alternative method			Р
9	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements,	(T)		P
5.2.3	Measurement of source size	2150d		Р
(The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source,	Ì	(A)	Ρ
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources			N/A







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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
0	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is >50% of its peak value,		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods	 Image: A set of the set of the	Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired,		Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
9	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy,	(I)	P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
(The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty,	See Annex C in the norm	Р

6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION			
6	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1		P
	- for lamps intended for general lighting service (GLS), see definition 3,11, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200mm	243,0mm, 500,0lux		Р
	- for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200mm	J		N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps			Р
6.1.1	Exempt group	(S)		P
	In the exempt group is the lamp, which does not pose any photobiological hazard, This requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:			Ρ
(- an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E _s) within 8-hours exposure (30000s), nor	5)	6	Р
	- a near-UV hazard (E _{UVA}) within 1000s (about 16min), nor			Р
2	- a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor			Р







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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10s, nor		Р
0	- an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E $_{\rm IR})$ within 1000s		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)	e e	N/A
	In this group is the lamp, which exceeds the limits for the Exempt Group but that does not pose:		N/A
(- an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E _s) within 10000s, nor		N/A
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300s, nor)	N/A
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100s, nor		N/A
9	- a retinal thermal hazard (L _R) within 10s, nor		N/A
9	- an infrared radiation hazard for the eye ($E_{\mbox{\scriptsize IR}}$) within 100s	(C)	N/A
(Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100s are in Risk Group 1,		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
(I)	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk), but that does not pose:		N/A
	- an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E _s) within 1000s exposure, nor		N/A
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100s, nor		N/A
(- a retinal blue-light hazard (L _B) within 0,25s (aversion response), nor	A) (A)	N/A
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L _R) within 0,25s (aversion response), nor		N/A
0	- an infrared radiation hazard for the eye ($E_{\rm IR}$) within 10s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}) within 10s are in Risk Group 2,		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
(Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Risk Group 3,	e) e	N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
0	Pulsed lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25s,	Continuous wave lamps	N/A





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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark		Verdict
),		V	S	
0	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer,			N/A
9	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:	S		N/A
	- a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High- Risk)			N/A
	- for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group	Ì	6	N/A
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the Continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6,1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 			N/A





















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	J		S			
Table 4.1	Spectral we	eighting function for assessing	g ultraviolet hazards for sk	in and eye P		
	elength ¹ nm	UV hazard function $S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)		
	200	0,030	313*	0,006		
	205	0,051	315	0,003		
	210	0,075	316	0,0024		
(215	0,095	317	0,0020		
	220	0,120	318	0,0016		
	225	0,150	319	0,0012		
	230	0,190	320	0,0010		
S)	235	0,240	322	0,00067		
/	240	0,300	323	0,00054		
	245	0,360	325	0,00050		
1	250	0,430	328	0,00044		
2	2,54*	0,500	330	0,00041		
	255	0,520	333*	0,00037		
	260	0,650	335	0,00034		
	265	0,810	340	0,00028		
9	270	1,000	345	0,00024		
	275	0,960	350	0,00020		
	280*	0,880	355	0,00016		
1	285	0,770	360	0,00013		
(290	0,640	365*	0,00011		
	295	0,540	370	0,000093		
	297*	0,460	375	0,000077		
0	300	0,300	380	0,000064		
2	303*	0,120	385	0,000053		
	305	0,060	390	0,000044		
	308	0,026	395	0,000036		
6	310	0,015	400	0,000030		

¹ Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths,

Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum,







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1	S	S	S.		e e		
Table 4.2	Spectral weighting fur sources	ctions for assessing	retinal hazards fr	om broadban	d optical	Р	
	Wavelength	Blue-light haza	ard function	Burn hazard function			
	nm	Β(λ)		R (λ)			
_	300	0,01		<u> </u>			
	305	0,01					
	310	0,01					
1	315	0,01				-	
- 6	320	0,01			-	N	
1	325	0,01			-0.		
	330	0,01					
	335	0,01					
	340 345	0,01					
	345	0,01				1	
·*)	355	0,01		(2)		6	
	360	0,01		e e		- 6	
	365	0,01					
	370	0,01					
	375	0.01					
1	380	0,01			0,1		
((385	0,01			0,13		
1	390	0,02			0,25		
	395	0,05			0,5		
	400	0,10			1,0		
	405	0,20)	- 0.5	2,0		
0	410	0,40			4,0	6	
	415	0,80)	(6)	8,0	C	
/	420	0,90			9,0	1	
	425	0,95			9,5		
	430	0,98			9,8		
	435	1,00	and the state of the		10,0		
(440	1,00			10,0		
	445	0,97			9,7		
	450	0,94			9,4		
455		0,90	9,0				
	460	0,80			8,0		
	465	0,70		1000	7,0		
	470 475	0,62			6,2	6	
·)	475	0,55 0,45		67	5,5 4,5	6	
	485	0,40		\sim	4,0		
	490	0,40			2,2		
490 495 500-600		0,16			1,6		
		10[(450-A			1,0		
- (.	600-700	0,00			1,0		
	700-1050	-			10 ^[(700-λ)/500]		
	1050-1150				0,2		
	1150-1200			0	,2×10 ^{0,02(1150-λ)}		
	1200-1400				0,02		







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Table 5.4 Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values) P									
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance W·m ⁻²			
Actinic UV skin & eye	~~~	$E_{\rm s} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	30/t		
Eye UV-A	\mathfrak{D}	$E_{\rm UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)		0000/t 10		
Blue-light small source	e	$E_{\rm B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	1	00/t 1,0		
Eye IR		$E_{\rm IR} = \sum E_\lambda \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)		00/t ^{0,75} 100		
Skin therma	I	$E_{H} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	200	00/t ^{0,75}		

Table 5.5	Sum	mary of the ELs fo	r the retina (radia	nce based values)		P	
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	range duration		EL in terms of constant irradiance W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	
		$L_{\rm B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 – 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011·√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011·√t 0,1	10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100	
Retinal ther	mal	$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011·√(t/10)	50000/(α·t ^{0,25}) 50000/(α·t ^{0,25})	
Retinal ther (weak visua stimulus)		$L_{\rm IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000/α	

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Clause	Requirement – rest	6		Result - Remain	<i></i>

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)								Р		
Risk	Action spectrum		Units	Emission limits							
		Symbol		Exempt	Result	Low risk	Result	Mod risk	Result		
Actinic UV	Suv(λ)	Es	W⋅m ⁻²	0,001	5,375E-06	0,003		0,03			
Near UV		Euva	W⋅m ⁻²	0,33	1,020E-03	33		100			
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W·m⁻²·sr⁻¹	100	9,385E+01	10000		4000000			
Blue light. small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W·m⁻²	-	-		-				
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W·m⁻²·sr⁻¹	28000/α	7,932E+04	28000/α		71000/α			
Retinal thermal.	R(λ)	(\mathfrak{S})				545000 0,0017≤α≤0,011		(\mathfrak{S})		S	
weak visual stimulus**		L _{IR}	W·m⁻²·sr⁻¹	6000/α 0,011≤α≤0,1	9,964E+00						
IR radiation. eye		E _{IR}	W·m⁻²	100	0,000E+00	570	(<u>c</u>)	3200			

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011radian, Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1radian ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

NOTE Angular subtense of apparent source: α = 5,43 mrad

