TEST REPORT IEC 62471 and/or EN 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

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Report Reference No:	GZES160200191131
Tested by (name + signature):	Selina Xielina Xie Anlay Dangulan Dang 2016 02 02
Approved by (name + signature):	Anlay Dang Dong
Date of issue:	2016-03-03
Total number of pages:	13 pages
Testing Laboratory:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Address:	198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Applicant's name:	Shenzhen Runlite Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	A15 building, Tantou West, Industrial Zone, Songgang Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, P.R.C.
Test specification:	
Standard:	☐ IEC 62471: 2006 (First Edition)
	⊠ EN 62471: 2008
Test procedure:	Test report
Non-standard test method:	N/A
Test Report Form No	IECEN62471A
TRF Originator:	SGS-CSTC
Master TRF:	Dated 2012-05
Test item description:	SMD LED
Trade Mark:	
Manufacturer:	Same as applicant
Model/Type reference:	SMD LED
Ratings:	DC 3 V – 4 V, 150 mA, 0,5 W



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Summary of testing:

These tests were conducted by test lab that fulfils the requirements of standard ISO/IEC 17025.

The tests were conducted under 4 Vd.c., 150 mA.

The submitted samples were found to be in compliance with EN 62471: 2008.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause): 4.3.1 Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye 4.3.2 Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye 4.3.3 Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source 4.3.5 Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit 4.3.6 Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit - weak visual stimulus 4.3.7 Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye 4.3.8 Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin

Summary of compliance with National Differences:

National requirements of EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES for EN 62471: 2008 were taken into account.

Copy of marking plate:	



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Test item particulars	
Tested lamp	
Tested lamp system	Non-GLS
Lamp classification group	⊠ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp cap	
Bulb:	
Rated of the lamp	
Furthermore marking on the lamp	
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	
Used measurement instrument	Ref. to List of test equipment used
Temperature by measurement	25 ± 5 °C
Information for safety use	
Possible test case verdicts:	
 test case does not apply to the test object: 	N/A
 test object does meet the requirement: 	P (Pass)
– test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-03-01
Date (s) of performance of tests	2016-03-03
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, with ratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal List of test equipment must be kept on file and available.	opended to the report. the report. al separator.
When determining for test conclusion, measurement	uncertainty of tests has been considered.
or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-C subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Docun http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-of-liability , indemnification and jurisdiction issues defininformation contained hereon reflects the Company's	nents at e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation ed therein. Any holder of this document is advised that findings at the time of its intervention only and within 's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document cising all their rights and obligations under the trans-

Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30

General product information:

The SMD LED can emit white light when powered.

days.



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Clause Requirement + Test Result – Remark Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS	-
4.1	General	Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure	Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits	N/A
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	N/A
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m ⁻² within any 8-hour period	N/A
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance , E_S , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N/A
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\text{UV}}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:	N/A
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}}$ s	N/A
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye	N/A
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m ⁻² .	N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:	N/A
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \qquad \text{s}$	N/A
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	N/A
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N/A



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	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1} \qquad \text{for } t \le 10^4 \text{ s} \qquad t_{\rm max}$	$=\frac{10^6}{L_{\rm B}}$ N/A
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit	N/A
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N/A
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W · m ⁻² · sr ⁻¹	N/A
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus	N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:	N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye	N/A
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:	N/A
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:	N/A



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	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	N/A
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	N/A
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:	N/A
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda} (\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	N/A

5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	S	
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	 the appropriate IEC standard, or 		N/A
	the manufacturer's recommendation		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р



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	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р	
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р	
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р	
5.2.2.1	Standard method		N/A	
	The measurements made with an optical system.		N/A	
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		N/A	
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		Р	
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		Р	
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		N/A	
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		N/A	
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A	
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A	
5.3	Analysis methods		Р	
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р	
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	Р	
5.3.2	Calculations		Р	
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р	
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р	
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.		Р	

6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION	
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	Р



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	for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a		N/A
	 distance less than 200 mm for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 	r = 200 mm	Р
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Exempt Group		Р
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the exempt group but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		N/A
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		N/A
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor 		N/A



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	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A	
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ($L_{\rm IR}$), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A	
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A	
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A	
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A	



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EN 62471 Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict **CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)** 4 **EXPOSURE LIMITS** Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB Ρ Clause 4 replaced by the following: Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those Р See EN 62471 table 6.1 fixed in IEC 62471:2006 Р 4.1 General First paragraph deleted



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict				

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps							N/A		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement						
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk		
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001		0,003		0,03		
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10		33		100		
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100		10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(\(\lambda\)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α		28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α		
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100		570		3200		

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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EN 62471							
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict				

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)							Р		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement						
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk		
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S _{UV} (λ)	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001	0	-	-	-	-	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	0,33	0	-	-	-	-	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	49,2	10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	0,01*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	47423	28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	D(I)		W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011						
	R(λ)	L _{IR}	VV*III *5I	6000/ α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1						
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100		570		3200		

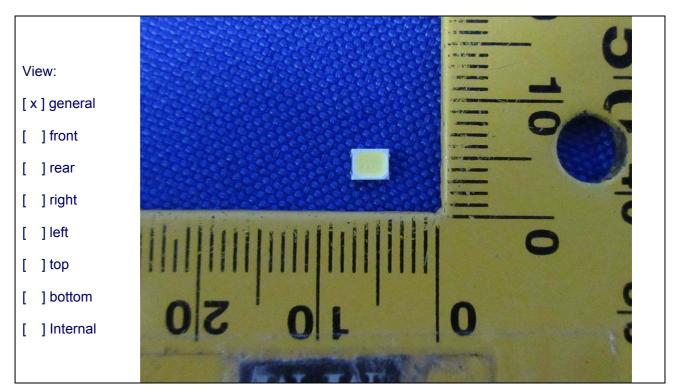
Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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Photo documentation

Details of:



Details of:

